

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5**

FEB 2 8 2013

Washington DC SEC FILE NUMBER

PART III

400

8-68428

Information required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

FACING PAGE

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	G 01/01/12 mm/dd/yy	AND ENDIN	NG 12/31/ mm/dd	
A. RE	GISTRANT IDEN	TIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Brid ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF E	ge Street Securities, L BUSINESS: (Do not us			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
135 Main Street, 12 th Floor				FIRM I.D. NO.
	(No. and Street)		
San Francisco	California	94105	22.	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Jonathan Curtis	F PERSON TO CONT.	ACT IN REGARD T		RT 415-710-6951 a Code – Telephone Number)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDEN	NTIFICATION	-	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN Ernst Wintter & Associates, Certified		· ·	*	
(ivame – ii murviduai, state ii	ast, first, finddie name)		
675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite A200	Walnut Creek	California	94596	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant				
☐ Public Accountant☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its pos	ssessions.		
	FOR OFFICIAL U	SE ONLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2). 3/8/3

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Bridge Street Securities, LLC

Annual Audit Report

Annual Audit Report

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Jonathan Curtis, affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Bridge Street Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE			
			grantia Ja
			Signature
			Managing Director
\leq	Sisa	Notar	Y Public LISA A. WALSMITH Commission # 1958482 Notary Public - California Marin County My Comm Expires Oct 200
	This re	port**	contains (check all applicable boxes): My Comm. Expires Oct 28, 2015
		(a)	Facing page
	\square	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
		(c)	Statement of Income (Loss).
	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	(d)	Statement of Cash Flows.
	\square	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
		(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
		(g)	Computation of Net Capital.
		(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	\square	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	Ø	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
		(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
		(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.
	\square	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
		(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
		(o)	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Accounting Control.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

December 31, 2012

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Member Bridge Street Securities, LLC San Francisco, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Bridge Street Securities, LLC, (the "Company") as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bridge Street Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I and II has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I and II is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

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Statement of Financial Condition

Assets	
Cash	\$ 81,450
Investment in securities, at fair value	49,119
Accounts receivable	26,806
Securities receivable, at fair value	8,667
Prepaid expenses	1,762
Total Assets	\$ 167,804
Liabilities and Mambaula Fauits	
Liabilities and Member's Equity	4 11.051
Accounts payable	\$ 11,051
Due to member	6,217
Total Liabilities	17,268
Member's Equity	150,536
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$ 167,804

Statement of Income

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Revenue	
Investment banking fees	\$ 2,992,285
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities	(54,058)
Interest income	38
Total Revenue	2,938,265
Operating Expenses	
Professional fees	11,080
Other operating expenses	29,350
Total Expenses	40,430
Net Income	\$ 2,897,835

Statement of Changes in Member's Equity

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

December 31, 2011	\$ 752,701
Distributions	(3,500,000)
Net income	2,897,835
December 31, 2012	\$ 150,536

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Net income	\$ 2,897,835
Adjustments to reconcile net income	
to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Unrealized loss on securities	45,950
Unrealized loss on securities receivable	8,109
(Increase) decrease in:	
Accounts receivable	78,023
Prepaid expenses	661
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	(3,347)
Due to member	(7,595)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	3,019,636
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	
Distributions	(3,500,000)
Net Cash Used by Financing Activities	(3,500,000)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(480,364)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	561,814
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 81,450

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

1. Organization

Bridge Street Securities, LLC (the "Company") was organized as a Delaware limited liability company in July 2009. The Company is owned by its sole member, Bridge Street Advisors, LLC (the "Member"), and operates in San Francisco, California. Under this form of organization, the Member is not liable for the debts of the Company. The Company is a securities broker dealer and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") in October 2010. The Company advises public and private companies on mergers, acquisitions, and other corporate matters on a fee basis.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all demand deposits held in banks and certain highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, other than those held for sale in the ordinary course of business, to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represents amounts that have been billed to clients in accordance with the Company's engagement letters with respective clients that have not yet been collected. Management reviews accounts receivable and sets up an allowance for doubtful accounts when collection of a receivable becomes unlikely. The Company considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible, and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided.

Investment Banking Fees

The Company generates revenue by providing advisory services to companies related to mergers and acquisitions. The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in its engagement letters with each of its clients. Revenue is recognized when earned either by fee contract or the success of a predetermined specified event and the income is reasonably determinable.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and may have an impact on future periods.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities that represent financial instruments approximate the carrying values of such amounts.

Income Taxes

The Company, a limited liability company, is taxed as a division of its sole member under the Internal Revenue Code and a similar state statute. In lieu of income taxes, the Company passes 100% of its taxable income and expenses to the Member. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal or state income taxes is included in these financial statements. The Company is however, subject to the annual California limited liability company tax of \$800 and a California limited liability company fee based on gross revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

3. Fair Value Measurements

The Fair Value Measurements Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1	Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the
	Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Determination of Fair Value

Under the Fair Value Measurements Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, the Company bases its fair value on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between participants at the measurement date. It is the Company's policy to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when developing fair value measurements, in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. Fair value measurements for assets and liabilities where there exists limited or no observable market data and, therefore, are based primarily upon management's own estimates, are often calculated based on current pricing policy, the economic and competitive environment, the characteristics of the asset or liability and other such factors. Therefore, the results cannot be determined with precision and may not be realized in an actual sale or immediate settlement of the asset or liability. Additionally, there may be inherent weaknesses in any calculation technique, and changes in the underlying assumptions used, including discount rates and estimates of future cash flows, that could significantly affect the results of current or future value.

Assets Measured and Recognized at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The fair value of the investment in securities is based on the quoted market price. The fair value of the securities receivable is based on the quoted market price of the underlying asset.

The tables below present the amounts of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
\$ 49,119	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49.119	
	8,667	•	8,667	
\$ 49,119	\$ 8,667	\$ -	\$ 57,786	
	<u> </u>	\$ 49,119	\$ 49,119	\$ 49,119 \$ - \$ - \$ 49,119 - 8,667 - 8,667

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

4. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC's uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the Company to maintain a minimum net capital equal to or greater than \$5,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceeding 15 to 1, both as defined. At December 31, 2012, the Company's net capital was \$100,265 which exceeded the requirement by \$95,265.

5. Risk Concentration

For the period ending December 31, 2012, 95% of investment banking fees were earned from two clients. At December 31, 2012, 100% of accounts receivable was related to one client.

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits. The Company places its temporary cash investments with high quality financial institutions. At such time such investments may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance limit.

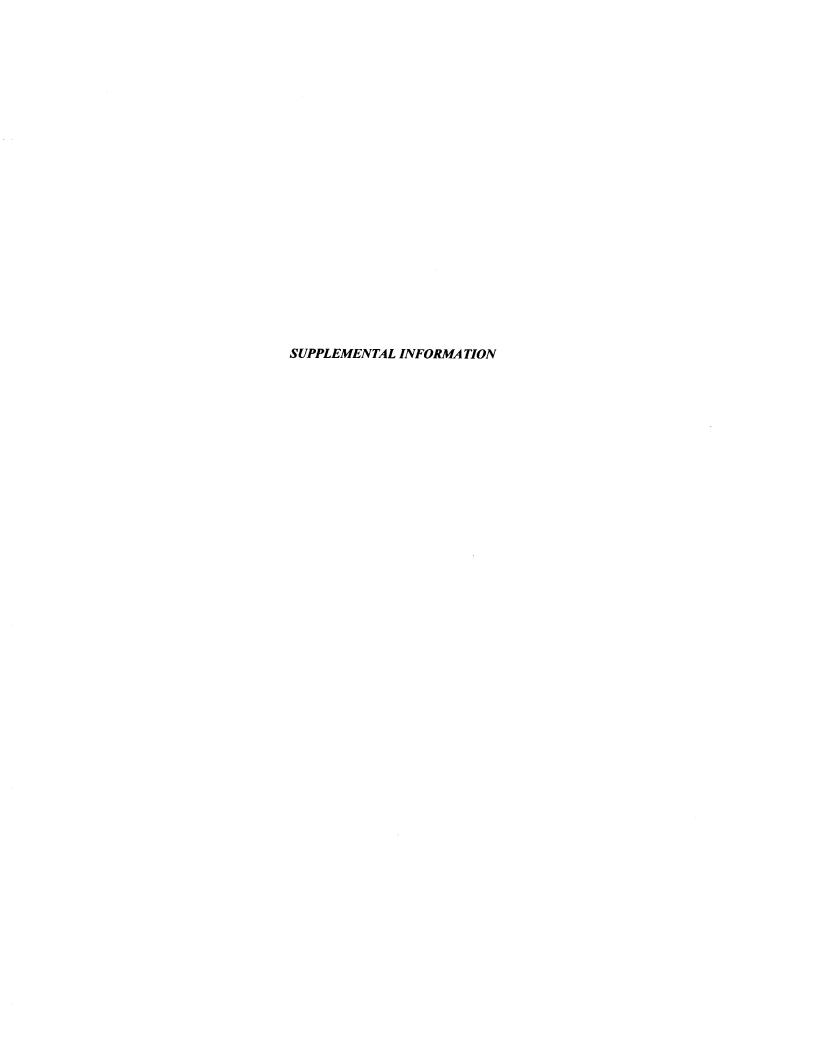
6. Related Party Transactions

The Company has an expense sharing agreement with the Member. The Member provides office space and pays most overhead expenses for the Company. The Company has no obligation to reimburse or compensate the Member. The Company's results of operations and financial position could differ significantly from those that would have been obtained if the entities were autonomous.

At December 31, 2012, \$6,217 was due to the Member for client expenses reimbursed to the Company that were paid by the Member.

7. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 11, 2013, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



Bridge Street Securities, LLC Schedule I

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

As of December 31, 2012

Net Capital	
Total member's equity	\$ 150,536
Less: Non-allowable assets	
Accounts receivable	26,806
Securities receivable, at fair value	8,667
Prepaid expenses	1,762
Total non-allowable assets	37,235
Net capital before haircuts	113,301
Less: haircuts on securities	
Equity securities	7,368
Undue concentration	 5,668
Total haircuts on securities	 13,036
Net Capital	100,265
Net minimum capital requirement of 6 2/3% of aggregate	
indebtedness of \$17,268 or \$5,000, whichever is greater	 5,000
Excess Net Capital	\$ 95,265

Reconciliation with Company's Net Capital Computation (Included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2012)

Net Capital, as reported in Company's	
Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2012	\$ 102,154
Increase in undue concentration	(1,889)
Net Capital Per Above Computation	\$ 100,265

Bridge Street Securities, LLC Schedule II

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

For the Period Ended December 31, 2012

An exemption from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i). All customer transactions are processed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(a)(2).

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commissions

For the Period Ended December 31, 2012

An exemption from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i).

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5(g)(1) for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption From SEC Rule 15c3-3

To the Member Bridge Street Securities, LLC San Francisco, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Bridge Street Securities, LLC, (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2012, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 11, 2013.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

EHWINE + Associate

February 11, 2013

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Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation

To the Member Bridge Street Securities, LLC San Francisco, California

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Bridge Street Securities, LLC (the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012 noting \$64,310 more revenue reported on the Form SIPC-7;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting \$64,310 more deductions reported on the audited Form X-17A-5;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences (if applicable).

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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